Students and Consumer Credit Management



WFAA Conference 2018

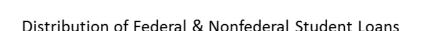


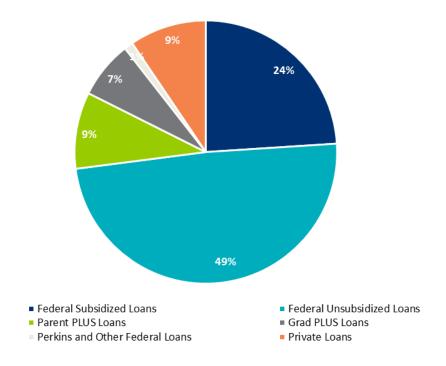
Agenda

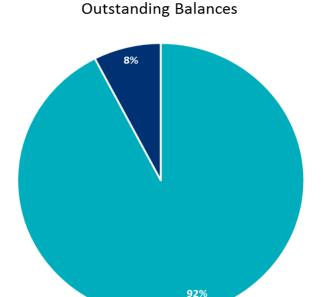
- Private credit within the student loan ecosystem and compared to other consumer assets
- Credit Reports what is in it and what you need to know
- Tools available for borrowers, to help them better understand their credit and debt obligation
- Final Thoughts



Private student loans represent a small portion of the pie







 Private loans represent 9% of new originations annually Private loans represent 8% of student loan outstanding

■ Federal ■ Private



Federal vs. private student loans – a world of difference

	Federal	Private
Objective	Provides access	Meet a consumer financial need
Screening (Dependent)	Parent	Parent & Student
Underwritten	No	Yes
Obligation	Student	Parent & Student
Originator	ED	Lender
Investment	Treasury	Private
Servicer	Multiple Contractors	Usually lender
Collector	Outsourced	Usually lender
Bankruptcy discharge	No	No
Consumer Reporting Exposure	\checkmark	\checkmark



Student loans vs. other consumer assets

	Secured Loan	Unsecured Loan	Student Loan
Examples	Auto LoanMortgage	Credit CardPersonal Loan	• Federal
Loan Type	 Asset backed 	 General purpose 	 Need-based
Underwriting	 Consumer credit reports combined with asset valuation 	 Consumer credit report centric 	 Private-Consumer credit report centric
Risk Mitigants	 Asset collateral protects the loan Down payment for more security 	Limit amount borrowedLimit repayment period	 Little to no risk mitigants Extended loan

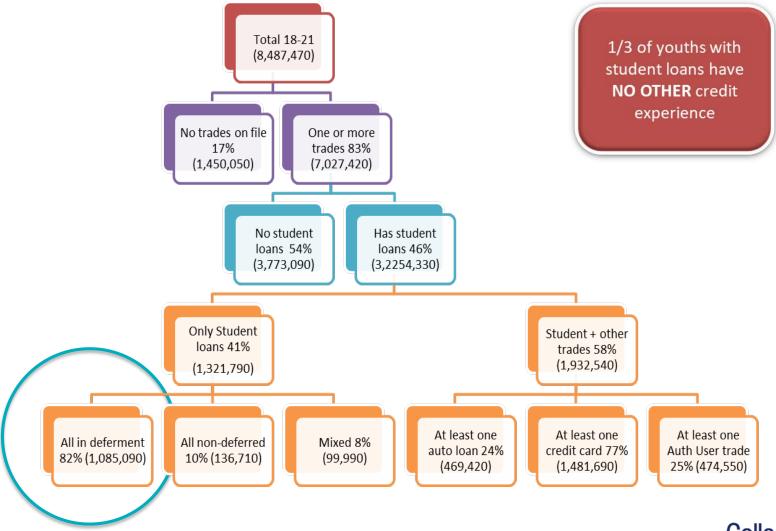


Student loan lenders sign up for the burden of responsibility

- Must maintain the highest standards for PSL
 - Major debt obligation at early stage in life
 - Deals with inexperienced credit users
 - Hazard of financing an incomplete experience
- Must constantly reinforce the obligation to pay



What do students know about credit?





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Every student should understand what a credit report is

- Your personal credit report includes a record of your financial accounts and obligations and the identification information associated with them
- This report is sometimes called a credit file or a credit history
- Credit reporting companies collect and organize data about your credit history from your creditor's and public records





Every student should understand why a credit report is important



Why a credit report is important

- Lenders use credit reports and credit scores to gauge the likelihood that you will pay back a loan
- Reports are also used in other non-lending situations employment checks, apartment rental applications, utilities, cellular phones, etc.
- Your credit report serves as your financial references to companies with whom you want to do business

A strong credit history enables you to obtain a credit card, home and auto loans and other valuable credit services, and can affect the amount that you pay for those services



Every student should know what's included in a credit report





Every student should know what a credit score is

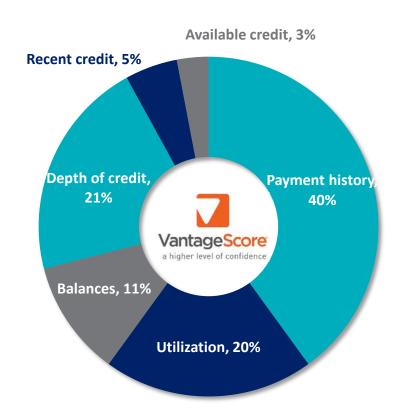
- Valuable risk management tool used to determine an individual's risk of defaulting on a loan
- Many different models, with many different scales available from many different sources
- There is no "One Score"
- Credit scores are not part of a credit report





Every student should know what factors influence a credit score

VantageScore® 3.0 credit score





2017 State of Credit by Experian

Each year, Experian publishes research on the state of credit in the nation

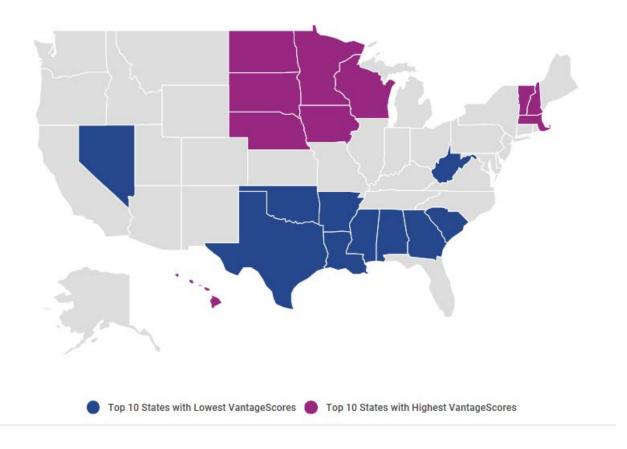
- Average Vantage Score in 2017: 675
 - Highest since 2012
 - Gen Z average: 634
 - Gen Y average: 638
- More Americans have super high credit scores than very low credit scores
 - 22.3% have super prime credit scores (scores between 781-850)
 - 21.2% have deep subprime credit scores (scores below 600)

Source: Experian 2017 State of Credit

https://www.experian.com/blogs/ask-experian/state-of-credit/



2017 Vantage Score by State



Source: Experian 2017 State of Credit https://www.experian.com/blogs/ask-experian/state-of-credit/

Highest Credit Scores:

North Dakota South Dakota

Nebraska

Minnesota

Wisconsin

Iowa

Massachusetts

Vermont

New Hampshire

Lowest Credit Scores

Nevada

Texas

Oklahoma

Arkansas

Louisiana

Mississippi

Alabama

Georgia

South Carolina

West Virginia



2017 Credit Snapshot of the Nation

Credit Snapshot of the Nation				
Average VantageScore	675			
Average Number of Credit Cards	3.1			
Average Balance on Credit Cards	\$6,354			
Average Number of Retail Cards	2.5			
Average Balance on Retail Cards	\$1,841			
Average Mortgage Debt	\$201, 811			
Average Non-Mortgage Debt	\$24,706			

Washington:

Average Vantage Score: 693

Average # of credit cards: 2.99

Average balance on credit cards: \$6,592

Source: Experian 2017 State of Credit

https://www.experian.com/blogs/ask-experian/state-of-credit/



Experian's 2017 Credit Snapshot by Generation

Credit Snapshot by Generation							
	Silent Generation	Baby Boomers	Gen X	Gen Y	Gen Z		
Average VantageScore	729	703	658	638	634		
Average Number of Credit Cards	3.0	3.5	3.2	2.5	1.4		
Average Balance on Credit Cards	\$4,613	\$7,550	\$7,750	\$4,315	\$2,047		
Average Number of Retail Cards	2.3	2.7	2.6	2.0	1.5		
Average Balance on Retail Cards	\$1,354	\$1,931	\$2,122	\$1,626	\$770		
Average Mortgage Debt	\$156,705	\$188,828	\$231,774	\$198,302	\$160,411		
Average Non- Mortgage Debt	\$15,161	\$27,513	\$30,334	\$22,784	\$6,963		





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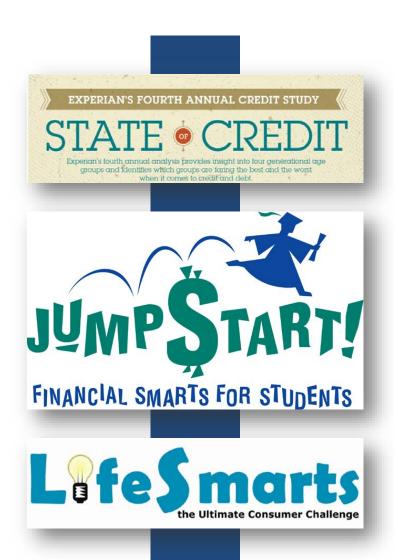
Education resources on the web

Free annual FACT Act credit report

 www.annualcreditreport.com
 Access to free report from each of the three credit reporting companies

Experian

- www.experian.com/crediteducation
 Ask Experian advice column, sample consumer report,
 frequently asked questions
- www.experian.com/live-credit-smart/10tips.html
 Credit trends and information to inspire consumers to use credit wisely
- www.experian.com/consumereducation
 Electronic versions of published materials, sample credit report, videos, PowerPoint presentations with talk notes and more





Tips for Building and Improving Credit

2018 Tips for all consumers:

Revolvers, pay down your balance

The single biggest step you can take immediately to improve your credit score is to pay your bills and pay down your credit card balances. Credit utilization – the amount of debt you hold relative to your credit card limits – is a major factor in your score. Work hard to get that utilization rate below 30%.

Use your tax cut to pay down debt

If you are lucky enough to benefit from the tax cuts, some of which began to show up with February 2018 paychecks, don't spend that windfall. Instead, consider taking that money and use it to pay down credit card balances.

Be careful taking out new credit

You might still be struggling to make ends meet, but if you are tempted to open a new credit card account, do so judiciously. A new card might have a short-term negative impact on your score, if you pay it off regularly and use only a small portion of the credit limit, it can help your score long-term.

Pay off debt rather than moving it around

Also, don't close unused cards as a short-term strategy to improve your credit score. Owing the same amount but having fewer open accounts may lower your credit score.

Building your credit and improving your credit score takes time; there are no shortcuts.

Source: Experian 2017 State of Credit

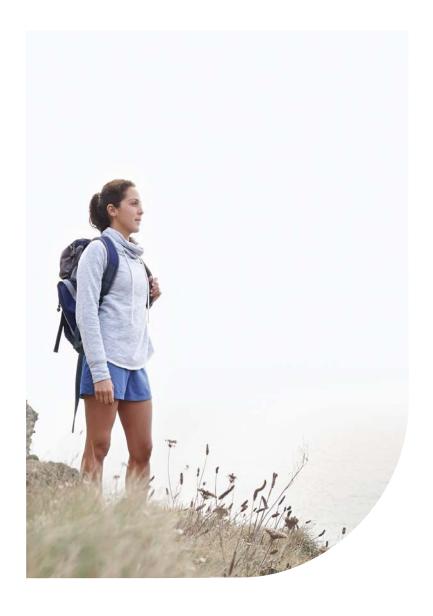




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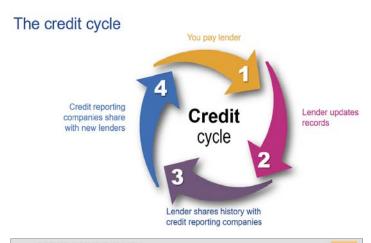
Start the journey...wisely

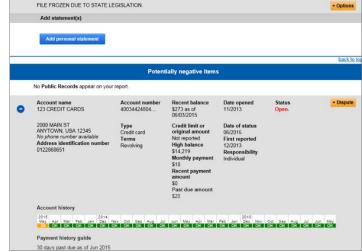
- Credit is not something that will be automatically ready for you when you need it. It has to be built, carefully and thoughtfully over time.
- Understand that credit is a privilege. With proper credit knowledge and demonstrating good credit behaviors, you will reap the rewards of a stellar credit history and score.



Final thoughts: 6 easy steps to help your students & families

- 1. Educate yourself done!
- 2. Remember that credit is starting for your students at the doorstep of your institution
- 3. Have conversations about the impact of debt on your students' future
- 4. Discuss the benefits of making monthly payments while in school
- Sample Credit Report use a sample credit report to talk to your students about what's on it. See: http://www.experian.com/assets/consumer-products/credit-educator/experian-sample-report.pdf
- 6. Use the tools made available to you through Jump Start, credit bureaus, etc.







Thank You

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